

Ultrafast Transient Electrochemical Behavior of Single Nanoparticles

Bo Zhang | University of Washington

We have been studying some unique and interesting electrochemical behavior of single metal nanoparticles during their collision on an ultramicroelectrode (UME). In one study, we observed the ultrafast proton reduction and H-adsorption process when single Pt nanoparticles collide on a carbon UME. These reduction and adsorption processes appear as individual sharp current spikes on top of their continuous reduction waves for hydrogen reduction and evolution. In a second study, we saw similar transient current spikes when Pt nanoparticles collide and catalytically oxidize hydrazine (N_2H_4) molecules on a carbon UME. These spikes are likely generated from the catalytic oxidation of the pre-adsorbed N_2H_4 molecules on the Pt nanoparticles upon their collision on the carbon surface. If time permits, I will also describe another interesting observation related to transient formation of nanobubbles and their possible effect on determining the adhesion probability of nanoparticles during their collision on an UME.